## Midterm Exam - Function Spaces B. Math III

## 15 September, 2023

- (i) Duration of the exam is 3 hours.
- (ii) The maximum number of points you can score in the exam is 100 (total = 110).
- (iii) You are not allowed to consult any notes or external sources for the exam.

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Roll Number: \_

1. (20 points) Show that  $A \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$  is convex, if and only if  $\alpha A + \beta A = (\alpha + \beta)A$  holds, for all  $\alpha, \beta \ge 0$ .

Total for Question 1: 20

2. For  $t \ge 0$ , let

$$A(t) := \left(\int_0^t e^{-x^2} dx\right)^2, B(t) := \int_0^1 \frac{e^{-t^2(1+x^2)}}{1+x^2} dx.$$

- (a) (10 points) Prove that  $A(t) + B(t) = \frac{\pi}{4}$  for all  $t \ge 0$ .
- (b) (10 points) Prove that  $e^{-x^2} \in L^1(\mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}; dx)$  and  $\int_0^\infty e^{-x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2}$ .

(N.B.: Carefully justify each step, such as existence of integral, interchange of limits and integrals, etc.) Total for Question 2: 20

3. (20 points) For p > 0, show that  $\frac{x^{p-1}}{1-x} \log \frac{1}{x} \in L^1([0,1]; dx)$  and

$$\int_0^1 \frac{x^{p-1}}{1-x} \log \frac{1}{x} \, dx = \sum_{n=0}^\infty \frac{1}{(n+p)^2}.$$

Total for Question 3: 20

4. (20 points) Let  $\{r_1, \ldots, r_n, \ldots\}$  be an enumeration of the set of rational numbers in [0, 1]and let  $I_n := [r_n - \frac{1}{4^n} \cdot r_n + \frac{1}{4^n}] \cap [0, 1]$ . Let f(x) = 1 if  $x \in I_n$  for some n, and let f(x) = 0otherwise. Show that f is an upper function whereas -f is not an upper function.

Total for Question 4: 20

5. (20 points) Prove that the function,

$$\frac{1}{1+x^2\sin^2 x},$$

is not Lebesgue-integrable on  $[1, \infty)$ .

6. (10 points) Show that  $\log \frac{1}{1-x} \in L^1([0,1]; dx)$  and with justification, compute the following integral:

$$\int_0^1 \log \frac{1}{1-x} \, dx.$$

Total for Question 6: 10

Total for Question 5: 20